QUADRILATERAL SPACE SYNDROME

Description
A rare nerve condition in the shoulder, causing pain and occasionally weakness in the back of the shoulder. It involves compression of the axillary nerve at the back of the shoulder, usually by a band of ligament-like (fibrous) tissue or between the teres major and teres minor muscles in the back of the shoulder. The axillary nerve supplies the deltoid muscle, the main muscle to the shoulder. The quadrilateral space is a space in the back of the shoulder formed by three muscles, the teres minor muscle above, the teres major below, and the triceps muscle on one side, with the arm bone (humerus) on the remaining side. The axillary nerve and posterior circumflex humeral artery run through this space. This space can be closed down, compressing the nerve and artery when the arm is in the throwing position, as well as by fibrous bands.

Common Signs and Symptoms
- Pain and discomfort (burning or dull ache) that is poorly localized, often in the back of the shoulder, and occasionally the front of the shoulder and arm
- Heaviness or fatigue of the arm
- Pain made worse by putting the arm in the thrower’s position
- Sometimes, tingling, numbness, or burning in the back of the shoulder and occasionally the arm and forearm
- Tenderness in the back of the shoulder
- Atrophy (shrinkage) of the deltoid muscle or teres minor muscle

Causes
- Pressure on the axillary nerve at the back of the shoulder, often by a fibrous band or compression between the teres minor and teres major muscles

Risk Increases With
- Contact sports
- Sports that require throwing (baseball pitchers)
- Poor physical conditioning (strength and flexibility)

Preventive Measures
- Appropriately warm up and stretch before practice or competition.
- Maintain appropriate conditioning:
  - Shoulder flexibility
  - Muscle strength and endurance

Expected Outcome
This condition is usually curable with appropriate treatment, although sometimes surgery is necessary.

Possible Complications
- Persistent pain in the shoulder
- Increasing weakness of the extremity
- Disability and inability to compete

General Treatment Considerations
Initial treatment consists of rest from the offending activity and medications to help reduce inflammation and pain. Stretching exercises of the shoulder muscles are useful. Referral to a physical therapist or an athletic trainer may be recommended for further treatment, including ultrasound and other modalities. Injections with cortisone, often with numbing medicine, to the area where the nerve is being pinched may be recommended to help reduce the nerve inflammation and pinching. If this conservative treatment is not successful, surgery may be necessary to free the pinched nerve by cutting the fibrous band where the nerve is being pinched. When surgery is necessary, it provides almost complete relief in most patients who undergo this operation.

Medication
- Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory medications, such as aspirin and ibuprofen (do not take within 7 days before surgery), or other minor pain relievers, such as acetaminophen, are often recommended. Take these as directed by your physician. Contact your physician immediately if any bleeding, stomach upset, or signs of an allergic reaction occur.
• Pain relievers may be prescribed as necessary by your physician, usually only after surgery. Use only as directed and only as much as you need.

• Injections of corticosteroids may be given to reduce inflammation.

#### Heat and Cold
• Cold is used to relieve pain and reduce inflammation for acute and chronic cases. Cold should be applied for 10 to 15 minutes every 2 to 3 hours for inflammation and pain and immediately after any activity that aggravates your symptoms. Use ice packs or an ice massage.

• Heat may be used before performing stretching and strengthening activities prescribed by your physician, physical therapist, or athletic trainer. Use a heat pack or a warm soak.

#### Notify Our Office If
• Symptoms get worse or do not improve in 2 weeks despite treatment
• New, unexplained symptoms develop (drugs used in treatment may produce side effects)
Notes:

Notes and suggestions

(Up to 4400 characters only)